by the President taking under the protectng wing of the civil-service law governaw can do this and such change, Mr. Evans says, will be made.

The House committee on labor to-day authorized a subcommittee to frame a favorable report on his bill to prohibit railroads and other corporations from blackstrikes. This bill is intended to bring the railroads under the provisions of the antibeyeatt law, which was passed some years ago to prevent workingmen from conspirsort. The laboring men have always held that if the anti-boycott law was right it should be applied to railroads as well as to themselves and it is to satisfy them in this regard that the measure was introduced. It is not improbable that the measure will pass the House, and with a little adroit handling it can be shoved through the Senate too.

The United States district attorney of the Southern district of New York, who recently initiated proceedings to break up the Joint Traffic Association will have a hearing to-morrow before the Senate com- able to attend to business as usual." Senator Chandler, who is industriously moving for a congressional investigation into that particular railroad combination and against trusts in general. He is expected to tell all he knows and it is understood that the disciosures will be sensa-

"General" J. S. Coxey, of commonweal army fame, arrived in Washington to-day to resume his effort to secure congressional action on his schemes for good roads and noninterest-bearing bonds. Mr. Coxey has deprived himself of his mustache since he wears cuff buttons emblazoned with the legend "Keep off the grass." He had an interview with Chairman Walker, of the House banking committee, and filed specifications of his financial scheme. "General Coxey says that he intends to send a copy of his latest pamphlet to every voter in the United States. His platform includes demonetization of both gold and sliver, government ownership of public works, the income tax and public salaries regulated by the price of wheat.

The fortification board has recommended forts guarding the entrance to Sandy Hook, point a model of the lines of latest developments in the theory of coast defense. It will then be used as a testing station for all proposed devices in the way of tery controllers and the like.

The House agricultural committee to-day practically completed the agricultural appropriation bill. This bill follows very closely the lines of the one drawn last year and the amount to be appropriated will be about the same which was, including the Weather Bureau, \$2,298,532.

PENSION RULINGS.

Important Decisions Rendered by Assistant Secretary Reynolds.

WASHINGTON. Dec. 16 .- There are several important rulings in the administration of the pension laws made in recent decisions of Assistant Secretary of the Interior Reynolds. One of them is that a desertion from the regular army under an enlistment subsequent to a service and honorable discharge from the rebellion is not a bar to pension under the act of June 27, 1850. The original holdings of the previous administration in first construing this act and all subsequent decisions have been overruled because it is held the honorable discharge contemplated under that act is from a service in the war of the rebelion only. It is reiterated that in harmony with the plain terms of the June act and all previous decisions dishonorable discharge operates as a bar to pension to the oldier or his widow and children under that act, but is not a bar to such pension under the general law for disabilities contracted in the service or for death from causes originating therein. This is in line with a long-established practice. Senator Mitchell, of Oregon, to-day inroduced a bill in the Senate to amend Secion 1754 of the Revised Statutes. That section, as passed in 1865, provided that persons honorably discharged from the military or naval service by reason of disabiltty resulting from wounds or sickness in-curred in the line of duty shall be preferred for appointments to civil offices, pro-

retrenchment HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

vided they are found to possess the busi-

ness capacity necessary for the proper dis-

charge of the duties of such offices. Mr.

Mitchell's amendment gives a preference

to all honorably discharged persons from

the military or naval service without re-

gard to the reason for such discharge pro-

fided they served ninety days or more in

the war of the rebellion or in any Indian

war. Mr. Mitchell supported his bill by a brief speech and on his motion it was re-

Little Progress Made in Considering

the Army Appropriation Bill. WASHINGTON, Dec. 16 .- The day in the House was productive of little progress. The army appropriation bill was under discussion, but a deadlock occurred over the proposition for the abandonment of the Army and Navy Hospital at Hot Springs, Ark. At the opening of the session. Mr. Bailey created a ripple of excitement by asking for the immediate consideration of a resolution to investigate the construction the battle ship Texas. Mr. Dingle thought the resolution ought to be considered by the committee on naval affairs before being acted on by the House. He, therefore, objected and the resolution was

The House then, on motion of Mr. Hall airman of the committee on military affairs, went into committee of the whole for deration of the army appropriation bill. Mr. Hull explained the provisions of ill, which carried \$23,126,344, \$775,973 less than the estimates and \$155,558 less than the current law. 'The only new provision in the was for the abandonment of the Army and Navy Hospital at Hot Springs, Ark., and the surrender and transfer of the reservation to the Interior Department. Several amendments looking to the abandonment of the hospital were offered and debut all went under points of order. The decision of the Chair declaring the amendment to except the Hot Springs Hospital out of order was overruled by the House. Mr. Little made a plea as to the retention of the hospital, speaking of it as a memorial to General Logan, who founded The amendment was adopted. When the bill was laid before the House, the Hot prings Hospital amendment was adopted-75 to 42. Mr. Little made the point of no quorum, and at 4:10 p. m., the House adjourned, leaving the bill unfinished.

BATTLE SHIP TEXAS.

Secretary Herbert Says the War Ves-

sel Has Been Maligned. WASHINGTON, Dec. 16,-The secretary of the navy to-day made public the findings in the court of inquiry upon the battle ship Texas, which recently sank while being drydocked in New York. The secretary says, in substance, that the Texas is all right, and has suffered no more accidents than any other boat of her class in the navy. She has been subject, he says, to malicious and surreptitious attacks from | the head with an ax, and the man's head | and signed the papers. naval officers, and he issues a general order | was split open almost to the shoulders. against officers of the department talking for publication on such subjects. He quotes letter from Charles Cramp, the ship builder, which says that American shiping interests have been injured abroad by the reflections cast on the Texas by the press. The Texas is not one of Mr. Cramps's boats, but was built by the gov-

The resolution for the investigation of the battle ship Texas, introduced in the House to-day by Mr. Balley, of the State from which the ship takes its name, will very lkely have the effect of inspiring a renewal of the inquiry by the naval committee, which was begun last session, under a resolution proposed by Mr. Fischer, of New York. No new resolution was necessary to ive the committee authority to make the nvestigation, because it has never reported he results of the inquiry under the first

The Bimetallie Union.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16,-The executive ommittee of the Bimetallic Union now in on here was engaged to-day mainly pany for twenty-four years. n revising the constitution and by-laws with a view to perfecting the system of the rganization for the work of the future n accordance with the idea that the work

provide for State and county organizations. The members of the executive comcan do this and such change, Mr. in conferences with the silver leaders in Congress for a general interchange o views and in regard to the work of the union. In a quiet way the committee may consider the project of a few of the members which has for its object the education of the business men of the country. Those who favor this say the business men fought silver in the last campaign because they were not enlightened as to its objects.

Suicide of an Indian Bureau Clerk. WASHINGTON, Dec. 16 .- Frank R. Phister, a well-known young man, the son of the late Elijah C. Phister, who represented the Tenth Kentucky district in the Fortysixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, comthis morning. Phister was a clerk in the Indian bureau. His remains will probably be taken to Maysville, Ky., for interment.

Grosvenor Not Seriously III. CLEVELAND, Dec. 16 .- Concerning a report that Congressman Grosvenor had left Washington for his home, in Ohio, in very poor health, a dispatch from Athens, O., says: "Congressman Grosvenor is here at home with slight throat trouble, but is

General Notes. WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.-Wm. T. Kent, accountant in the office of the inspector general, appeared before the Leavenworth Soldiers' Home investigating committee today. The greater part of the testimony given by him dealt with the methods of acshould be changed. To-day's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$225.851,181; gold reserve, \$133,625,732, The Senate has confirmed the following minations: Chapman L. Anderson, of Mississippi, to be attorney of the United States for the Northern district of Mississippi; Francis E. Claussen, of Louisiana to be assayor of the mint at New Orleans,

CONVICTS MUST DRILL

1,400 Prisoners at Sing Sing Will Be Given Wooden Guns.

SING SING, N. Y., Dec. 16.-Warden Sage, of the Sing Sing Prison, is engaged devising plans to prevent the 1,400 convicts in his charge from being idle after Jan. 1. 1897, when all convict labor in the different shops of the prison is to be abolished, in N. Y. It is intended to make this accordance with an act passed by the Legisalture. Some of the convicts fear that they will go insane if they are kept closely confined in their cells. Warden Sage prorange finders, submarine telephones, bat- poses to put a large number of convicts at work breaking stone for the construction of new buildings. After Jan. 1 the warden will put the convicts through drills in military tactics for exercise daily. The convicts will be provided with wooden guns, which will be made in the prison shops Warden Sage, who was formerly a colonel in the National Guard, expects that the military training will increase the discipline among the convicts.

A MIGHTY HUNTER.

Sixty-One Ducks Bagged by the President Yesterday Morning.

GEORGETOWN, S. C., Dec. 16.-The President and party spent this morning hunting ducks on the southern extremity of South Island, their reward being 100 birds, of which the President brought down 61. President Cleveland also joined in deer drive, but none of the hunters got a shot owing to the high water on the island Better luck is anticipated, however, when they hunt on the mainland some time during the next few days. The tender Wisteria brought the party down from the island this afternoon to the Annandale and is now grounded until high tide. Big flocks of ducks have been flying into Muddy bay or the big marsh where the party will shoot until it departs. It is not definitely known when the President will take his leave, but Saturday is the time intimated.

IVES AND DALY.

The Noted Billiardists Play Two Games and Divide Honors.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16 .- The exhibition games between billiardists Ives and Daly at the Knickerbocker Athletic Club tonight attracted a big crowd. In the first event, a 300-point game, Daly's first run was 47. Ives miscued and Daly increased his lead. Ives's last run was 97, but Daly played a better average game, winning finally by 36 points. The average was 59. In the cushion carom game which folferred to the committee on civil service and | lowed Ives won by 18 points.

Shortstop Billiards.

CHICAGO, Dec. 16 .- Tom Gallagher (400) defeated George Sutton (260) by 400 to 187 in the Bensinger-Siler short-stop billiard tournament this afternoon. Averages: Gallagher, 14 22-27; Sutton, 6 25-27 In the evening game Frank Maggoli (300) beat John Mathews (300) by 300 to 229. erages: Maggoli, 17 11-17; Mathews, 13 8-17.

McAulifie Will Retire.

PORTLAND, Ore., Dec. 16.-Jack Mc Auliffe, the lightweight champion, has announced his intention of retiring from the prize ring. He states that he will go into business in New York city.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Dec. 16 .- Joe Cantillon, of last season's staff of Western League umpires, to-night signed to manage the Dubuque Club of the Western Association next season.

A Widower's Odd Dilemma. London Daily Mail.

The Camberwell board of guardians have just refused an offer of sixteen children under somewhat singular circumstances. A parishoner, whose wife died a few years since, decided to marry again in order to find a mother for his eight children. Eventually he met an eligible widow, who also had a family of eight, and was anxious to find a father for them. A marriage was arranged and duly took place. Unfortunately the lady did not long survive her second wedding. The result was that the husband had then sixteen children left on his hands, and naturally did not know what to do with them. He wrote to the guardians explaining the circumstances, and ventured to suggest that they might take charge of them, or at least, of those who belonged to his second wife. The offer was considered by the guardians in the usual course, but they regretted that they could not see their way clear to take advantage of it. They, however, sympathized with the widower, and generously agreed to accept two of the conjoint family. This decision was made known to the applicant, 'who seemed greatly depressed at the result, so much so that he has refused the board's offer to maintain "only

Father and Daughter Murdered. GUTHRIE, O. T., Dec. 16 .- Travelers on the road to Perkins early this morning found the dead bodies of an old man and a young girl, evidently father and daughnight in a covered wagon in which they After the killing the bodies had been dragged out and the wagon searched for

Ex-Cashier Niehoff Indicted. ST. LOUIS, Dec. 16.-The grand jury of Clinton county, Illinois, has returned two indictments against B. H. Niehoff, who for even years was cashier of the bank of ex-State Treasurer Rufus N. Ramsey at Carlisle, Ill., prior to its failure two years ago. Both charge him with the embezzlement of money from the funds of the bank, which is now defunct. It is thought the amount is high in the thousands.

Said to Be Short \$2,500. SCRANTON, Pa., Dec. 16.-W. H. Coons, day ticket seller of the Delaware, Lacka-

wanna & Western Railroad Company this city, is alleged to be short \$2,500 in his He was arrested to-day and furnished ball for a further hearing. He is ex-president of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Mutual Aid Association and has been employed in the offices of the com-

Business Embarrassments. CLEVELAND, O., Dec. 18.—Brunner Bros., retail jewelry dealers, doing busi-ness at No. 57 Euclid avenue, made an as-signment to-day to Attorney E. J. Pinney. Assets are estimated at \$40,000 and liabilities

REV. HARWELL IS QUEER

METHODIST DIVINE ARRESTED FOR

His Mind Thought to Be Unbalanced -Wealthy Kokomo Councilman Attempts Suicide.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. RICHMOND, Ind., Dec. 16 .- A great sensation was created here to-day when it became known that the Rev. J. H. Harwell, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Cambridge City, had worked off a number of worthless checks on local merchants. He came here this morning and going to the Railroad dry goods store presented a check for \$70 on the Western Wayne Bank at Cambridge City. He was indebted in a small sum and the remainder he received in money. At Peter Lichtenfel & Co.'s clothing store, the Model clothing store and Ellwood, Morris & Co.'s book store he worked about the same game, collecting quite a sum of money. He also presented merchants refused to take them. One of the men who had cashed a check became suspicious and telegraphed to the bank at Cambridge City to find if the Rev. Mr. Harwell had any money on deposit there. The answer came back that he had withdrawn it all this morning. The police were then notified of the affair and began a search for the minister, but he had disappeared.

to his home. Word was sent here and his arrest was ordered. The Cambridge City marshal took him in charge at once and to-night Chief of Police H. G. Eggemeyer went to Cambridge City to bring him to The Rev. Harwell is from Tennessee, havng been transferred from the conference there to the North Indiana Conference of

The news soon reached Cambridge City

and later in the day the minister returned

the Methodist Church. He is a young man of excellent address and unusual height, eing perhaps six feet and three inches Three years ago he was pastor of the Third M. E. Church here and for the past two years has been located at Cambridge City. He has made considerable of a name

INDIANA OBITUARY.

Mrs. Nancy V. Lockwood, a Shelbyville Hotel Landlady.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Dec. 16.-Mrs. Nancy V. Lockwood, proprietress of Lockwood Hotel, died this afternoon. was the daughter of Fielding and Martha Lacey and was born in Fountain county. this State, seventy-three years ago. She came to this city a number of years ago and was probably one of the best-known women of southern Indiana. Last Saturday she complained of pain in one of her thumbs. Her arm commenced swelling and blood poisoning set in, causing her death.

Other Deaths in the State. WARSAW. Ind., Dec. 16.-L. A. Burgess,

an old and prominent citizen of this place, died suddenly of apoplexy this morning, aged sixty-five. He was prominent in G. A. R. circles. MUNCIE, Ind., Dec. 16.-John W. Crossfield, well known over Indiana in Spiritualist circles, died suddenly last night while seated in his chair.

WIDOW WRIGHT'S PLIGHT. Queer Conduct in the Church by Alleged Hypnotized Weman.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ELKHART, Ind., Dec. 16.-Mrs. Wright, a wealthy widow of this city, lost her husband about a year ago. A few weeks later she met the notorious "Dr." Arthur Elmer, a hypnotist. He gained great influence over her at once, and she charges that he swindled her out of several hundred dollars. He told her to place \$300 in gold, of which he knew her to be in possession, under a box in her woodshed, and promised her that if she would do this it would result in great spiritual advantage to her. The deluded woman did this, but the police heard of the doctor's scheme and, going to the house, dug up the money and saw that it was placed where Elmer could not get it. Mrs. Wright is said to have been left in a hypnotic condition at the time, and that she has never been released from it. Yesterday at a church service at St. James Episcopal Church, which she is a member, she surprised the other attendants by passing up to the altar and prostrating herself in front of it. An usher endeavored to induce her to take a seat in the body of the house, but she refused to do so unless she first reeived the blessings of Rector Galpin. This information was conveyed to the rector, who said his church was not empowered to confer blessings. The usher informed Mrs. Wright of the rector's decision, but she refused to be removed. Three times the usher took her request to Galpin, and was as often refused. The usher then informed her that the rector had sent his blessing to her. This satisfied her, and she ook a front seat among the congregation. When the precessional entered from the side door she saw the lad carrying the cross, and, making a dash forward, threw herself down in front of him. With considerable effort she was removed to her seat, but when the rector came along she fell in behind, unknown to him. When the passed through, and not knowing that the lady was close behind, let the doors back, striking her with great force. When she again saw the boy with the cross she' threw her arms around him and kissed him in a violent manner. The fifty choir girls screamed, and about half of them ran into the rector's room and locked the door, while the other half put in their time screaming and trying to get through the door. At this point the unfortunate woman was taken to her home. She is still in the hypnotic condition, and is not accountable for her actions.

SLIDER'S RASH ACT.

Wealthy Kokomo Councilman Attempts to Kill Himself.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. KOKOMO, Ind., Dec. 16.-Councilman John W. Slider, of the Third ward, attempted suicide to-night by shooting himself. He went to an outhouse on his premises and placed a double-barrel shotgun to his head. The charge tore off the scalp on the right side of the head, but the skull was not penetrated. His sister heard the shot and ran to him, taking away the gun as he was trying to shoot again. A few days ago Slider was arrested on the charge of stealing three joints of gas pipe, valued at \$2, and it is supposed the worry and disgrace of the arrest unbalanced his mind. Mr. Slider is an old resident, a prominent Mason, and wealthy, owning a large amount of real estate in this city. He has served twelve years in the Council, and stands high in the estimation of the com-Elwood Bennett, ex-councilman munity. from the same ward, who owns a plumbing establishment, caused Slider's arrest, ter, lying by the roadside. They had been and when the councilman's case came up murdered evidently while asleep for the in a justice court to-day he took a change of venue. His bond was fixed at \$200, and had been traveling. Both had been hit in | friends came forward representing \$500,000

MASON'S FOOLISH CLAIM. Pretends He Has Been Elected for Hold-Over Senator's Seat.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. COLUMBUS, Ind., Dec. 16 .- At the November election W. A. Mason was a candidate for the joint senatorship of Brown Monroe and Morgan counties and received the entire Democratic vote. The Republicans had no candidate, as W. E. McCord the present senator from that district, was delegated to hold over for two years more, he having been elected in 1894. Mason now announces he will contest McCord's right of holding his seat, which he does by a decision of the Supreme Sourt. There are absolutely no grounds for the contest.

Farmers Will Recover a Tax.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. CROWN POINT, Ind., Dec. 16.-After being in Indianapolis for twenty years, \$20,000 will be paid to Treasurer Dyer, of this county, next Saturday, from the funds of the State. About 1875 residents of West Creek and Cedar Creek townships voted a tax on themselves to secure a railroad, which was surveyed through that section

eight years and then sent to the State department. During this time lawsuit after lawsuit has been started to recover the money and it has finally been wound up. This will no doubt cause a great commotion among the several hundred taxpayers of the township. They will ask the county to refund their money, which, to them, will be like finding it.

Two Schoolmarms in Court.

Special to the indianapolis Journal. ANDERSON, Ind., Dec. 16 .- A victory was scored by Misses Eva Place and Jennie Blatchley, teachers in the public schools of this city, to-day in 'Squire Mc-Carty's court, where they had been arraigned on a charge of assault and battery. The young women enforced discipline in the schools to the displeasure William Eads, whose son had been chaztised for some offense a few days ago. The matter was soon disposed of, the teachers being acquitted as the plaintiff failed to sustain a cause of action. The result is generally applauded by the friends of the trial.

Great Scheme for a Bank. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. CONNERSVILLE, Ind., Dec. 16 .- A prominent business man is authority for the statement that negotiations are pending for the location of a general store here, backed by millions of capital. Parties living in ndianapolis, Cincinnati, Philadelphia and this city are interested. The intention is to purchase the J. N. Huston business block. fit it up as a department store and sell anything from a needle to a threshing ma-The store is to be conducted on a cash basis with a bank attached. Purousiness men are not enthused over the

Two Wabash County Failures.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WABASH, Ind., Dec. 16 .- Two assignments were made to-day by Wabash county residents, R. A. Schoolcraft, of North Manchester, with a general store, and John Swank, a farmer, of Chester township. Mr. Schoolcraft's establishment was closed this city. His actions are so queer as to by Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., of Chicago. lead to the belief that he is mentally un- Liabilities, \$8,000, and assests will more than pay. Swank was regarded one of the leading farmers of Chester township, but is involved to the amount of \$7,000. Assets consist of a 300-acre farm and much personalty. Dr. D. Ginther is the trustee of

Farmer Perkins Assigns.

LEBANON, Ind., Dec. 16.-Robert Perkins, a farmer living near Kirklin, Clinton county, made an assignment here to-day to Richard Niven, of Thorntown. The liabilities will be fully \$10,000. The 270-acre farm in Clinton county, upon which Mr. Perkins resides, constitutes the assets. The Northwestern Insurance Company, of Mil- troops and imperial militia, says the Pall waukee, holds a mortgage on the farm for \$4,600. Moses Harden and Matthew Perkins, of this city, also hold mortgages on the farm for \$2,400 each. Mr. Perkins formerly ing Berdan rifle. The new rifle carries five lived here, and was projector of a number of business blocks, among them being the hotel building which still bears his name.

Against Higher Prices. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MUNCIE, Ind., Dec. 16 .- At the regular meeting of the directors of the Western window-glass manufacturers in this city last evening it was decided that this organization would not favor an increase in the price of glass when the subject comes for discussion at the meeting of the national board in Columbus, O., soon: The association will also recommend that the glass be disposed of in a way different from now, two sales agents having the disposal of all the product.

Mishaps Run in Threes.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MITCHELL, Ind., Dec. 16.-The elevenyear-old daughter of Jane Wilcox was burned to death by her clothes catching fire at the home of her mother near Bono, eight miles southeast of this place. The family seems to be very unfortunate. Mr. Wilcox was murdered a short time ago. son committed suicide at the age of fourteen and the little daughter's sad death has almost crazed the grief-stricken

Case for Dr. Harty.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. FR. NKLIN, Ind., Dec. 16.-The proposi tion of the City Council of this place to extend Green Lawn Cemetery nearer the city has met with the bitter protest of the residents of South Franklin, and to-morrow they will present the matter to the State Board of Health. They believe that the proposition is opposed to the State health laws and they take this method to prevent it.

Jumped Into the Ohio.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., Dec. 16 .-Charles B. Smith, supposed to be a hatter, residing in Louisville, jumped off the Big Four bridge into the Ohio river, a distance of probably 100 feet, this afternoon. Employes of the ferryboat Hite saw him jump and rescued him before he was drowned. What his object was could not

Franklin College Affairs.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. FRANKLIN, Ind., Dec. 16. - Secretary Carr's report to the board of Franklin College, which met to-day, shows that \$1,500 has been raised during the past quarter, Treasurer Wallace also reported favorable prospects for receiving soon two legacies of about \$5,000 each from estates now being settled. The new catalogue will soon be

K. of P. Treasurer Sentenced.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. CROWN POINT. Ind., Dec. 16.-Louis Watts, master of exchequer of the K. of P. Lodge at Whiting, was sentenced to the penitentiary for two years last night for appropriating over \$900 of the lodge funds for his own use. He was an employe of the Standard Oil Company, and received a big salary.

Thief Recaptured.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. NEW ALBANY, Ind., Dec. 16 .- John Hall, of this city, who escaped from the jail at Jasper, Ind. last week, where he was awaiting trial for horsestealing, was arrested at his sister's house, north of this city, to-day. While at large he stole two horses and buggles.

Hunter Found Dend in the Woods. Special to the Indian polis Journal. LAPORTE, Ind., Dec. 16.-George Wagner, jr., of this city, was accidentally shot and killed to-day while hunting. He was found dead in the woods by his cousin,

John Smith. Indiana Notes. At a meeting of pupils, teachers and officers of the Markland-avenue M. E. Sunday-school, at Kokomo, it was voted to take the money usually devoted to the Christmas tree and presents and send it to the suffering children of Armenia.

OBITUARY.

Jean Boyer, Who Was Created Cardinal One Year Ago. BOURGES, Dec. 16.-Jean Cardinal Bover

Jean Boyer was born in 1829, in France, and was at one time doctor of theology and professor of dogma in the faculty at Aix, of which he became the dean in 1870. He succeeded to the bishopric of Clearmont in 1879. He was decorated with the Legion of Honor in 1879, and in the consistory of July 3, 1882, Pope Leo conferred upon him the decoration of Pallium. He was created a cardinal at the consistory

Baren Beign

PARIS, Dec. 17.-Baron Boigne, author of 'Les Petits Memoires de L'Opera" and father-in-law of Robert McLane, former-United States minister to France, is lead. The government has sealed Baron Boigne's papers, which contained memoirs of secret diplomatic negotiations.

Other Deaths. GENEVA, N. Y., Dec. 16.-Rev. Dr. James

Rankins, rector of St. Peter's Church, dean of Delancey Divinity School and ex-president of Hobart College, died to-day from gastric trouble, after twelve days' illness, aged sixty-eight years.

The Jefferson Barracks luquiry. ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 16.-The official investigation of the sanitary condition of Jefferson Barracks by a special commissioner appointed by the War Department was formally begun to-day. General Merritt, accompanied by the committees appointed by the St. Louis Merchants' Exchange and at that time. The tax was paid in, but the the St. Louis Merchants' Exchange and railroad, which was to be a narrow-gauge. Loyal Legion, went to the barracks this was never built. The \$20,000 was kept in the afternoon to be present at the hearing.

BIG ELECTRICAL SCHEME

Chicago's Drainage Canal to Be Used to Generate Power.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16 .- The World to-morrow will publish the following: The Niagara Electric Company, that practically owns the Niagara Falls power, has extended its operations to Chicago. It has obtained from the trustees the right to use the vast power of the present drainage canal, constructed by the city of Chicago. Its franchise empowers it to transform the water power into electricity to use the canal for navigation, to supply the power for such traffic, occupy the canal lands to run its wires into Chicago and to furnish light, heat and power to that city. There has been quietly incorporated in Illinois the Chicago Electric Development Company, that will be the parent corporation for all of the city schools and the young women that will be the parent corporation for all were heartily congratulated on the result the electrical schemes based on the drainage canal power. The president is Frank W. Hawley, of New York, who has been the chief promoter in the Erie canal electric plan. Among the directors are Thomas C. Platt and Commodore P. V. Vedder, both directors in the Cataract General Electric Company. Among others in the "combine are W. K. Vanderbilt, D. O. Mills, J. P. Morgan, Chas. Lanier, John J. Astor, Baron W. von Hoffman, W. Jessup, Joe. Larocque and Francis Lynde Stetson. The nominal capital of the Chicago Electric Development Company is \$1,000,000. Mr. Hawley has been in Chicago for some time completing the arrangements. He has now secured from the drainage trustees the franchises chasers can then borrow from the bank to desired and their contracts have been exepay cash, giving note for the loan. Local cuted. The terms are still secret, but the city of Chicago will get about 20 per cent. of net profits. Preliminary surveys have been made by evil engineers as to the practicability of connecting the canal with the Mississippi river.

TWO MILLION MEN.

Russia's Army Is the Strongest in the Philadelphia Telegraph.

As the miltary forces of Russia on a war footing contain upwards of 3,000,000 combatants it would appear that something more than "coercion that does not of itself mean war" would be required to enable any nation of western Europe to settle the Eastern question without first consulting Mr. Schoolcraft's property and William the Czar. This vast army is raised through-Banks is the assignee of Mr. Swank. out the Russian empire, liability to service out the Russian empire, liability to service being almost universal. As a rule, service with the colors lasts for five years, and in the event of a mobilization of the forces the field troops would be brought up to war strength by calling in reservists, who have served five years in the ranks. The field troops and field reserve troops, together numbering 2,000,000 men, would be formed into field armies, which would each comprise a number of army corps, rifle briggades and reserve divisions. The remainder of the forces consist of fortress and depot

> Mall Gazette. The "three line rifle, pattern 1891." been introduced in place of the single-loadrounds in the magazine, is of small caliber (.3-inch), and has a smokeless ammunition On service the bayonet scabbards are left at home and the quadrangular bayonet is carried fixed. The barrel of the rifle is uncased and screwed into the body, an arrangement which helps to lessen the weight and, in fact, the rifle, with bayonet fixed, weighs only nine and one-half pounds, or about one pound less than the Lee-Metford rifle and bayonet used in the British service. The regulations recognize four kinds of infantry fire, viz., volley fire, which may be used at all ranges; individual fire, which is employed up to 500 or 600 paces; individual concentrated fire (the fire of all the men of a section or squad at a common object), up to 1,200 paces; a mass fire, at greater distances than 1,200 paces. When within 200 or 300 paces of the enemy fire attains its maximum intensity by the employment of magazine fire. After a successful bayonet charge the shooting line must continue its advance to the far side of the captured position and press the enemy by a rapid fire. A frontal attack must be supported by one on the flank. When acting on the defensive, infantry must put forth every effort to shake the enemy fire, and then attack him with the bayonet. Throughout the Russian cavalry the men are armed with a curved sword, thirty-four and one-half inches long, and rifle and bayonet. In the Cossacks the front rank carry a lance. In artillery the Russians are particularly strong, and their armament and projectiles are the latest and most proved patterns. The active remy and field reserve troops alone contain upwards of 500 batteries, manning over 4,000 guns. General staff officers form a close corps and are recruited from those who pass the general staff academy. The duties of the general staff, broadly speaking, include the movements and operations of the army, intelligence of the enemy and reconnoissance

of the theater of war. It is laid down that on marches, when at a distance from the enemy, it is of the first mportance to study the comfort and convenience of the troops by separating arms and sending on billeting parties and bakers to provide for the wants of the troops beforehand. When near the enemy, however, and on a march that may lead to an encounter, the troops advance closed up as

much as possible, in columns, and aim mainly at swiftness and secrecy.

AT M'KINLEY'S HOME. Foolish Critics Condemned by an Independent Paper.

Washington Post. "Worse and worse is the condition of the poor at McKinley's home"-that is the statement which the Cincinnati Enquirer puts into the headlines over a special from Canton. It is fully borne out by the text of the dispatch, which is copied from the report of Mrs. Josiah Hartzell, president of the Canton Board of Charities. This report declares, in effect, that there is much suffering in the little city by reason of want of employment. It tells of industrious, honest men, willing to accept any situation or work at any wages, unable to find employment of any kind; of women who, in past years, were able to keep the wolf from the door by their weekly wages, who are vainly hunting for work, and only too thankful for one day's washing or scrubbing each week. The report adds that these poor people are daily growing poorer, and approaching more nearly the condition of the pauper class of old England. We fear there are many towns throughout the country where work is scarce and poverty and want are increasing. We have had four hard years-hard for labor and

unprofitable for capital-and the natural results are shown in such reports as that which the Enquirer prints from "McKinley's home." Indeed, it is quite likely that the pinch of poverty in Canton is less severe than in most towns, for a good many thousands of dollars were left there by campaign excursions. But what special significance is there in the fact that work is scarce and poverty prevalent at "McKinley's home?" point against McKinley or protection can be made out of : :ch an exhibition of the wretchedness of his neighbors? All through the campaign he dwelt on the impoverishing effects of the tariff of '94. The condition reported by the president of the Board of Charities tallies exactly with his views. We think he exaggerates the defects and underrates the good features of the present tariff, and we have no doubt that causes quite disconnected with tariff schedules are, in great part, responsible for hard times and their cruel effects. But we do not see that any capital can be made

he has uniformly described as the natural results of the Democratic tariff-a tariff that he calls free trade. If the next Congress should be able to ines, and if after it has been in operation long enough to test its efficacy a report like the above should come from Canton then the Enquirer would have a fine opening for a square hit. But McKinley did not promise to restore prosperity under the tariff as it stands, and all the misery that is now attributed to want of work is but a confirmation of his views, if it has any relation to economic theories.

against McKinley or his policy by showing

the existence of just the conditions which

Gold and Its Uses. Harper's Round Table.

If the average reader or thinker will de vote a few minutes to the subject of gold and its uses, and how much of it annually disappears by wear, leaving no possible trace, he will find himself involved in some extremely interesting calculations. If some genius would only invent a power strong enough to attract to it the millions of invisible particles that have, and are constantly being worn off the various articles composed of that metal, what an immense amount would be recovered. Where do these particles go? Here, there everywhere; in your house, on the streets, in the banks, business houses, stores and wherever man goes. As an instance of this the following is cited: There is at present a veritable gold mine being worked in an old watch case factory in Brooklyn. It oc-

erty that during the long years of manu-

ticles must have been absorbed by the

flooring, walls, furnace chimney, etc.

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down and gilded a fine silver wire it would extend more than thirteen hundred miles; or if nineteen ounces were recovered (which in the form of a cube would be about one inch and a quarter square), it would gild a wire long enough to compass the whole

earth like a hoop. If you pick up a gold-leaf, such as used for gilding purposes, it becomes a curiosity in your eyes when you realize that seventy-five square inches of it weigh only common pocket glass H when gold is reduced to the thinness of gold leaf 1-50,700,000 of a grain of gold may be distinguished by the eye. But it is claimed that 1-1,400,000,000 of a grain of

gold may be rendered visible. Large quantities of gold are used in gilding portions of exteriors of public and private buildings. For instance, if we take the church of St. Isaac, at St. Petersburg, we find that it required the use of 247 pounds of gold to gild its five crosses. They can be seen glittering at a distance of twenty-seven miles.

SCHLATTER HEARD FROM. The Denver Christ Promises to Re-

turn with New Power. New York Journal. Schlatter has been heard from-Schlatter the healer, whose extraordinary powers caused such a commotion among the good and the bad citizens of Denver a year ago. The healer disappeared, it will be remem bered, at a very important point in the proceedings, and he disappointed a whole lo of expectant believers who looked to him to bring them a message from above There was a grave suspicion that Schlatter was a fraud. Perhaps he ran away to escape the rough hands of the law. It was given out at the time that he had gone up into the mountain to pray. He was last seen on a bronco, headed for New Mexico, and since then has faded from the

Now he is coming back. Not just yet but in 1899, when he will be eight feet high. This is the news brought to Denver by a woman who seems to be Schlatter's press agent. She is Mrs. Ada Morley Jarrett. She has seen Schlatter, and for three months she sheltered the healer in her little cabin on a ranch near Datil, N. M., forty miles from nowhere. Mrs. Jarrett has been telling the Denver Thecsophical Society how the healer came

to her one snowy night last January, riding a white horse. He knocked on her door, explained who he was, and she kept him ciding. She made notes of his predictio: is. Upon his reappearance in Denver, she said. Schlatter will appear in a different role from that of healing, for he will then speak the gospel as Jesus Christ

To Work for Senators.

Washington Special in Chicago Post. The one thing that Mr. Hanna learned during his sojourn here that was not pleasant was the discovery that the regular Republicans will be in a minority in the Senate next session, and that unless the doubtful States-North Carolina, Idaho, North Dakota and Washingtonelect senators committed to the passage of a good tariff law Congress may fail to enact protection legislation next year. He leaves Washington with his mind fully made up to concentrate every legitimate effort to the election of the right kind of men from these States. The influence of the men who represent the incoming administration and the influence of the na-

tional committee will be directed vigorously toward this consummation. This determination having become known to the Democratic leaders, they, too, are directing efforts in the same channels. I was thought that the campaign was ended with the defeat of Mr. Bryan, but such seems not to have been the case, and the two national committees will be found desperately confronting each other in the several States mentioned from now until senators are elected. It is no new thing for national committees to mix in the State campaigns, but this is the first tim ably that they have undertaken to do business of that sort in a wholesale way. From a Republican standpoint there is a strong probability that the tactics will lose in North Carolina and Idaho. They may win in Washington, North Dakota and Kentucky. In Idaho especially the intention is to bring to Dubois the help of the regular Democratic organization, which will go far to insure his return. Mr. Walsh, secretary of the national Democratic committee, who has been in consultation with Chairman Jones for several days, left for Idaho last night with power to represent the national organization, and with instructions to use every endeavor to beat any

ments may change the aspect of affairs. 'The Ex-President's Good Sense,

man the Republicans may put up or favor.

Until this time Dubois's show for re-election

has not been good, but it is thought that

he now has the best of it. New develop-

Detroit Free Press. In announcing his purpose not to become a candidate for the United States Senate ex-President Harrison is simply acting in harmony with the good sense which has characterized his career since he left the White House in 1893. For every fairminded person, whether agreeing with the ex-President's politics or not, must admit that his public course since retiring from the executive office has been uniformly dignified and sensible. But for him now to enter the political arena as a contestant for a public office so far below the one which he lately filled would hardly be consistent with his post-official career up to the pres-

Of course, there can be no valid objection

in the act itself of filling a public office

even though that office be a very humble

one, and occasions may arise when even enact a new revenue bill on Republican | an ex-President might find it to be his duty to re-enter the public service in some capacity wherein his wide experience and national reputation could best be utilized for his country's welfare. But such a contingency is not apt to arise, and it certainly does not exist at the present time. There is an inherent dignity attached to the office of chief magistrate of the greatest republic in the world, which seems to invest the personality of the man who has once held it with a peculiar respect. It would, therefore, seem repugnant to this conception of what comports with the dignity and propriety of such an exalted position for an ex-President of the United States to enter upon a scramble for any office below the one which he has already filled. As a general thing, he can better serve the country as a private citizen, in which capacity his ripened and unbiased judgment, removed above all partisan or selfish influences, will be received by his countrymen with oracular force. An ex-President has little to gain and much to jeopardize by re-entering political life.

Irish Race Convention.

Rev. Denis O'Callaghan, in Donahoe's, Ireland's star of legislative independence cannot much longer withhold its full and unclouded measure of brilliancy. The time is ripening for the boon so long the object of the people's prayers and sacrifices, and curred to the new purchasers of this propthe fruition of Ireland's hopes is only a question of a short time. This is the assurfacturing of gold watch cases that took ance I felt when present at the magnificent place there, a large quantity of gold parconvention of the Irish race in the city of Dublin recently, confronted as I was with one of the grandest assemblages the cause they went carefully to work and tore the old building down bit by bit, and burnt and crushed the material, afterward assaying the ashes. So far something like \$50,000 thousand delegates, were representated has been recovered. Say an ounce of this sons of Ireland from all parts of the wo of liberty and of humanity has ever called

who had flocked to the venerated motherland to examine for themselves into the needs, conditions and aspirations of the people; to learn to what extent unity or purpose and of action prevailed among them, and to take counsel, as the children of a common mother, as to what was most conducive to the advancement of the cause of the people. There was an inspiration in this grand gathering to delight the heart of a lover of Ireland, and the momentum its deliberations gave to Ireland's legislaone grain. Now the thousandth part of a tive demand and to the recognition abroad line, or inch, is easily visible through a of Irish unity cannot but prove of vast and far-reaching benefit. Here Ireland's interest was the supreme object all sought to serve, and the individual ambition was subordinated. It was no place for individua! supremacy, and there was none of it. Leaders there were, but theirs was a leadership where their intense love of country was the supreme qualification, and where no mere pride of self or desire for personal glorification marred their patriotic service.

SMASHED THE WINDOW

Two Young Burglars Who Presented a Clock to Two Girls.

At 2 o'clock last night two girls rooming at 2201/2 East Washington street, ran into the police station saying that two young men had broken the window in the jewelry store of H. C. Schergens, at the corner of Alabama and Washington streets, stolen two clocks, had brought them to the girls' room and had given one to them and hidden the other. Captain Quigley at once went with them to their room and on the stairway met the two young burglars. They were taken into the room and both stoutly denied knowing anything about the matter. The name of one is Harry L. Jarrall, living at 318 East Washington street, and the other, who was aller, is Dan Rourk, boarding at 34 South

West street. The girls showed one of the clocks which nad been given them, and then Rourk said that Jarrail had stolen the clocks. At this Jarrall began to sob and said he would tell the truth, now that Rourk had accused him of all the affair. He showed his left hand, which was badly cut and bleeding, and said that he had smashed the window and taken one clock and Rourk took the other, and they were going to trade them for a night's lodging. Knowing that 22014 was a rooming place, they took a clock up there to get a room. Jarrall, then sobbing as if his heart would break, said that he had been driven away from home by his drunken father, Henry Jarrall, early in the evening, and had no place to stay, and an hour before the robbery had fallen in with Rourk. Rourk said his parents are respectable people and live in Watertown, N. Y. He was sullen and would not talk. The other clock was found in an ash heap in the yard behind the building. Jarrall sobbed all the way to the police station. The charges of burglary and petit

HELD UP AN OLD MAN.

larceny were placed against both.

Otto Wellman and John Clune Caught

by Police. William Koehring, an old man, was assaulted about 7 o'clock last evening, near the corner of Michigan and Liberty streets, by Otto Wellman and John Clune. They were proceeding to search the old man's pockets when they were frightened off by two officers, who followed and captured them. They were at first slated with loitering, but afterward the charge was changed

to assault and battery. It is said that Koehring was severely hurt by the assault. Barrie's Mother's Opinion of Carlyle.

From "Margaret Ogilvy." There were times, she held, when Carlyle must have made his wife a glorious woman. As when? I might inquire. When she keeked in at his study door and said to herself: "The whole world is ringing with his fame, and he is my man!" And then. I might point out, he would roar to her to shut the door! "Pooh," said my mother, "a man's roar is neither here nor there." But her cerdict as a whole was: "I would rather have been

Philadelphia Times. The State of Washington is organizing colonies of marriageable men to go to St.

his mother than his wife.

aid the Cubans.

John's island, in the Pacific, where there are lots of women, but few of the sterner sex. Washington, it will be remembered, was the father of his country. True Patriotism.

Folk who think there is no patriotism in

Ohio will please notice that right on the

eve of the distribution of ple a company

of Toledo volunteers is being recruited to

Something in a Name.

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